

Zeitschrift: IABSE reports of the working commissions = Rapports des commissions de travail AIPC = IVBH Berichte der Arbeitskommissionen

Band: 3 (1969)

Artikel: Comments

Autor: Ferry Borges, J.

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.5169/seals-5012>

Nutzungsbedingungen

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist die Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Zeitschriften und ist nicht verantwortlich für deren Inhalte. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern beziehungsweise den externen Rechteinhabern. Siehe Rechtliche Hinweise.

Conditions d'utilisation

L'ETH Library est le fournisseur des revues numérisées. Elle ne détient aucun droit d'auteur sur les revues et n'est pas responsable de leur contenu. En règle générale, les droits sont détenus par les éditeurs ou les détenteurs de droits externes. Voir Informations légales.

Terms of use

The ETH Library is the provider of the digitised journals. It does not own any copyrights to the journals and is not responsible for their content. The rights usually lie with the publishers or the external rights holders. See Legal notice.

Download PDF: 02.04.2025

ETH-Bibliothek Zürich, E-Periodica, <https://www.e-periodica.ch>

Comments

Commentaires

Erläuterungen

J. FERRY BORGES

A statistical evaluation of the risk of a structure becoming unserviceable implies the statistical knowledge of the acting loads, the statistical knowledge of structural behaviour and the combination of these two types of information.

The statistical knowledge of structural behaviour can be experimentally obtained from the test of numerous similar structures or analytically obtained by the use of statistical theories of structures.

The statistical theories of structures shall allow to transform the randomness of the mechanical properties of the materials and of the dimensions into the randomness of the quantities that describe the structural behaviour: rupture, displacements, distances between cracks, crack widths, strains, stresses, etc. In some cases it will be necessary to distinguish between the behaviour of members and of connections between members or supports.

For combining the statistical distributions derived from statistical theories of structures with the statistical distributions of loads it is particularly important to define accurately the extremes that correspond to small resistances and the extremes that correspond to high loads.

The variability in time, both of the loads and of the resistances, and the different possibilities of load combinations are important aspects to be considered also.

Leere Seite
Blank page
Page vide