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Network

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Integrating Switzerland in the European network

The new railway lines across the Alps have as their objective to maintain Switzerland's role as a transit country at the heart of Europe – while at the same time reducing pollution in the Alpine valleys.

he proposal which Swiss voters will be asked to ratify in September aims to promote combined road and rail transport (including transport by rail of trucks and container vehicles). Two new tunnels – one under the St. Gotthard and the other under the Lötschberg – will substantially shorten the main railway lines between the north and the south of Switzerland, and this will increase the attraction of rail transport for both passengers and goods traffic.

New tunnels under the St. Gotthard and the Lötschberg

In order to reach the combined objectives described aboved, the government (supported by parliament) proposes:

construction of a new two-track rail-

- tsupported by parliament) proposes:

 construction of a new two-track rail-way line 130 km long between Arth-Goldau, Canton Schwyz, and Lugano, including a base tunnel 50 km long under the St. Gotthard;

 construction of a base tunnel 30 km long under the Lötschberg between Frutigen, Canton Berne, and the Rhone valley in Canton Valais;
- The other subjects

 Five other matters are to be put to the vote next September 27, three of which concern reform of parliament.

 The stamp duty is a tax imposed on the issue and transfer of securities on stock exchanges. In 1990 (the latest figure available) this tax brought in about Sfr. 2 billion for the use of the federal government. The proposed reform aims to abolish those stamp duties which have been harming the competitiveness of Switzerland as a financial centre. Two stamp duty extensions are proposed in order to compensate at least in part for the loss of revenue involved in the abolition of the others. All in all, however, the federal government should lose about Sfr. 420 million a year as a result of the revision. The proposal is supported by the private economic sector and the centre-right political parties, which

A documentary kit on this subject
may be obtained from the Federal
Transport Office, Bundeshaus, CH-
3003 Berne, or from Swiss Railways
Head Office, Hochschulstrasse 6.
CH-3030 Berne.
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Preferred language:	Stark politics on

• connection of Basle and Geneva to the French TGV high-speed rail net-

work.

These large-scale projects, which will supplement the huge project for im-

Pierre-André Tschanz

proving the Swiss railway infrastruc-ture, known as Rail 2000, which was started some years ago, will take about twenty years and will cost, according to 1991 estimates, about Sfr. 15 billion. Half of this sum will be obtained from excise duties on road vehicle fuel, and half will come from bonds issued on capital markets. These will be reimburs-able within 60 years following the beautiful of the started of the started of the started of the started and the started of the started of the started of the started started of the started of the started of the started of the started started of the started able within 60 years following the start of operation.

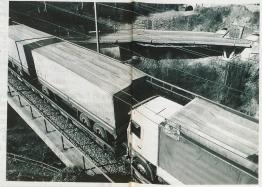
Greatly increased sneed

The other subjects

The first railway tunnels through the Alps were built about a century ago, between 1870 and 1910. They are all still

To provide Swiss voters living abroad with all the information they need. SRI will broadcast a sense of magazine programmes devoted to the issues at stake on Sept. 27. These programmes will be included in SRI's transmissions in German. French and Italian on Tuesday and Thursday. August 25-27. and Sept. 1+3. Voters living abroad will also be able to put their questions on the issues being voted upon by telephone (.4.13-14.39 SR) and an automatic recorder, which will be answered on the air.

believe that these reforms are essential for Swiss financial efficiency. It is opposed by the socialists, other left-of-centre parties and the trades unions, who do not believe that the federal



completed.

for the user. For example, an intercity train which at present requires 5 hours 17 minutes – at best – between Basle and Milan will link the two cities in 3 hours 10 minutes when the new lines are

government should forfeit this revenue and think it unfair that banks and financial institutions should enjoy tax privileges.

Rural property law regulates the legal status of agricultural land. The new legislation, which was approved by parliament last autumn, is aimed mainly at bringing together in one law provisions which are at present spread through several legislative texts and at facilitating the acquisition of agricultural entreprises by people who intend to operate them in their own right. A referendum procedure launched by property owners in French-speaking Switzerland has received the required number of signatures, and therefore the legal text in question has to be put to the vote. Rightwingers are against the law on the ground that it promotes unnecessary government intervention. The government and parliament, together with

farmers' organisations and the left-of-

rathers organisations and the actedicentre parties, recommend a Yes vote.

With the forthcoming revision of the Laws on Parliamentary Business, Indemnities and Infrastructure, it is hoped that parliamentary proceedings will become more efficient and that the federal chambers will take a greater part in for-

chambers will take a greater part in for-eign policy-making.

Higher indemnities and expense allo-wances should enable Switzerland's cit-tizens' parliament to continue broadly as before, but with greater efficiency.
However, a referendum committee has been formed to combat these three differing proposals. Its members are of the opinion that revision of the indemnithe opinion that revision of the state of the end to and infrastructure laws will in the end lead to a professional parliament – but without the real problems being touched

PAT/GUA

A test for Switzerland's European policy

European policy

The referendum on these new railway lines across the Alps will be the first test for the European policy of the Swiss government. Implementation of this new railway infrastructure is the central point in an agreement on goods transit recently concluded between Switzerland has promised to triple its capacity for rail transit of goods. But in exchange it may maintain severe restrictions on heavy road transport (weight limited to 28 tonnes; prohibition of traffic at night and on Sundays). A No on September 27 to these new railway lines across the Alps would amount to non-ratification of this transit package, which appears on the face of things to be very favourable to Switzerland. It would also put our country in a very difficult position in European policy terms in the runup to the referendum on Switzerland's participation in the European policy terms in the runup to the referendum on Switzerland's participation in the European policy terms in the runup to the referendum on Switzerland's participation in the European policy terms in the runup to the referendum on Switzerland's participation in the European policy terms in the runup to the referendum on Switzerland's participation in the European policy terms in the runup to the referendum on Switzerland's participation in the European policy terms in the European

pean Economic Area which will in all probability be held on December 6. The project for the new railway lines across the Alps is opposed by ecologists on the one hand and by representatives of automobile and trucking companies on the other. Both lobbies are saying

Forthcoming federal referendums

Felferndums
September 27, 1992
Federal Resolution on the Construction of Two New trans-Alpine Railway Line
Revision of the Federal Law on Stamp Duty
Revision of the Federal Law on Rural Property Rights
Revision of the Federal Laws on Parliamentary Business, Indemnities and Infrastructure (three separate subjects)

December 6, 1992 Approval of the EEA treaty (probably)

that the project is much too big – one tunnel would have been quite sufficient – and they criticise the fact that the European Community does not intend to contribute to financing the project. The non-ecological opponents of the scheme also object to the fact that excise dues paid by vehicle owners will be in part used to create the new rail infrastructure. For their part, the ecologists complain that the federal decree which is being voted on does not actually compel goods transporters to use the new railway lines across the Alps.

Most political parties and economic organisations in Switzerland support the project. They do not believe it is Switzerland's role to act as an obstacle to the flow of traffic across Europe. They fully accept the advantages of rail transport as against road transport. And they also think that Switzerland should be integrated into the all-European railway network, as well as participating in the European Economic Area.

Current popular initiatives

Family names initiative Kurt Klose, P.O. Box 12, CH-8492 Wila/Zurich

For lower military spending and more peace policies For prohibition of arms exports André Daguet, Pavillonweg 3, P.O. Box, CH-3001 Berne

For a 130 km limit on motorways For an 80 km limit on roads outside localities Bernhard Böhi, Zollweidenstrasse 31. CH-4142 Münchenstein

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