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Playing for time

The Federal Council will only sign the Swiss-EU framework agreement once a number of contentious points have been resolved. This could still take quite a while. The new European Commission is unlikely to show any greater flexibility in its dealings with Berne. So far, the Swiss tactic of playing for time has done little harm.

THEODORA PETER



Specifically, the Federal Council wants clarification on three aspects of the text which it believes will not gain majority support as the text room, because Brexi stands because of internal political has forced the EU to opposition: wage protection, state subsidies, and the Citizens' Rights Directive ("Swiss Review" 2/2019). The first of these points concerns the Federal Council's wish to safeguard Swiss wage levels. With regard to state subsidies, the government wants to ensure that Switzerland only has to apply relevant EU guidelines when access to the EU single

market has been contractually

agreed, Thirdly, the Federal Council

wishes to clarify that no provision of

the framework agreement will be in-

terpreted as an obligation for Switzerland to adopt the Citizens' Rights Directive, which defines the reciprocal right to free movement within the EU and extends to other areas such as entitlement to welfare bene

Ratification unlikely before Juncker's departure

The question is whether "clarifica tions" are actually enough to resolve these issues, or whether new talks are needed. The present European Commission, responsible under Jean Claude Juncker for negotiating the framework deal with Switzerland steps down at the end of October, so the clock is ticking either way. Presi-

Maurer (Swiss People's Party, SVP) said at the beginning of August that he did not expect a solution to be found by the end of Juncker's term in office. However, talks are unlikely to get any easier under the new European Com mission President Ursula von der Leyen. Maurer nevertheless believes that Switzerland has time on its side. "And we need time for a solution that serves Switzerland's interests," he added. His party, the SVP, wants to abandon free movement completely, having launched an initiative calling for "moderate immigration" – which the National Council is set to debate

during its autumn session. At the time of going to press, there was still no Swiss consensus on wage

to spend the summer working out what proposals they can put to the EU. But the union boss Pierre-Yves Maillard has already indicated his unwillingness to budge. Maillard is also playing for time and wants Brusdent of the Swiss Confederation Ueli sels to cede ground on wage protec tion, suggesting that Switzerland increase its financial contributions in return – as exemplified by past cohesion payments to support EU enlargement in Eastern Europe (the "eastern One possible scenario is that the SVP's limitation initiative is put to the people in 2020 before the framework

deal is signed. The electorate voting against an end to free movement would not only be a de facto endorsement of Switzerland's bilateral approach, but would also strengthen the Federal Council's position.

protection. The Federal Council had

called on the unions and employers

So far, the tactic of playing for time on the institutional framework agreement has not done Switzerland much harm. The EU decided not to re-

new the Swiss stock exchange's "equivalence" status on 1 July, but measures taken by the Federal Coun cil to protect securities trading on the Swiss stock market seem to have worked.

Brexit limits wiggle room

work deal, the EU will not necessar

The spectre of Brexit is anything but helpful to Switzerland. Faced with the UK leaving the EU, Brussels is doing all it can to make non-membership of the bloc as unattractive as possible. That is the message being given to Switzerland, whom the EU accuses of cherry-picking. Some observers believe that Brussels would have given Berne more flexibility were it not for the need to appear tough on Brexit.

This article reflects the information available at the time of going to press at the beginning of August. Previous article on this issue: www.ogy.de/CH-EU

economy is the prospect of existing bilateral agreements being eroded. Unless progress is made on the frameily feel inclined to update existing treaties. For instance, the bilateral agreement on technical barriers to trade (MRA) has to be adapted by May 2020 – otherwise Swiss medtech companies could lose direct access to the EU single market. Essentially, the bureaucratic hurdles would be higher and the costs greater. There is a lot at stake for the economy, given that Switzerland earns one in three francs from trade with the EU. The bilateral treaties account for trade in goods worth one billion francs each day. Free access to the European market is therefore vital to the Swiss econ-

1,957 Swiss bobsleigh duo Beat Hefti and Alexander

670,000

According to the federal government's Swiss social statistics

report, the number of people experiencing poverty in Switzerland

rose from 615,000 to around 675,000 between 2014 and 2017.
Single mothers, children, and the long-term unemployed are

Baumann received their Olympic gold medals 1,957 days late. They returned from Sochi (2014) with silver, but the winning Russian crew were eventually disqualified for doping.

5,000

particularly affected.

Switzerland in figures

21,000

Switzerland's care homes and hospitals increasingly need more personnel. In 2018, 2,900 men and women completed training in this field. An additional 2,700 nursing professionals

arrived from abroad. The number of foreign care workers has increased by 21,000 in the last ten years.

300,000

Some 300,000 new cars were registered in Switzerland

last year. Compared to the previous year, new cars in 2018 were less environmentally friendly, accounting

for 3.6 per cent higher fuel consumption and increases

CO₂ emissions (2017: 134 g/km, 2018: 138 g/km).

On 26 June 2019, the 0°C threshold in Switzerland began at an altitude of over 5,000 metres above sea level, with many high-elevation localities experiencing record high temperatures, e.g. Davos (29.8°C), the Fuorn Pass (28.1°C), and Säntis (21.0°C).

SUMMARY: MUL



wage levels is one of the Federal Council