

Zeitschrift: L'Enseignement Mathématique
Herausgeber: Commission Internationale de l'Enseignement Mathématique
Band: 42 (1996)
Heft: 3-4: L'ENSEIGNEMENT MATHÉMATIQUE

Artikel: ON THE GAUSS-BONNET FORMULA FOR LOCALLY SYMMETRIC SPACES OF NONCOMPACT TYPE
Autor: Leuzinger, Enrico
Kurzfassung
DOI: <https://doi.org/10.5169/seals-87876>

Nutzungsbedingungen

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist die Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Zeitschriften und ist nicht verantwortlich für deren Inhalte. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern beziehungsweise den externen Rechteinhabern. Siehe Rechtliche Hinweise.

Conditions d'utilisation

L'ETH Library est le fournisseur des revues numérisées. Elle ne détient aucun droit d'auteur sur les revues et n'est pas responsable de leur contenu. En règle générale, les droits sont détenus par les éditeurs ou les détenteurs de droits externes. Voir Informations légales.

Terms of use

The ETH Library is the provider of the digitised journals. It does not own any copyrights to the journals and is not responsible for their content. The rights usually lie with the publishers or the external rights holders. See Legal notice.

Download PDF: 02.04.2025

ETH-Bibliothek Zürich, E-Periodica, <https://www.e-periodica.ch>

ON THE GAUSS-BONNET FORMULA FOR LOCALLY SYMMETRIC SPACES OF NONCOMPACT TYPE

by Enrico LEUZINGER

ABSTRACT. Let X be a Riemannian symmetric space of noncompact type and rank ≥ 2 and let Γ be a non-uniform, irreducible lattice in the group of isometries of X . A Gauss-Bonnet formula for the locally symmetric quotient $V = \Gamma \backslash X$ was first proved by G. Harder. We present a new simple proof which is based on an exhaustion of V by Riemannian polyhedra with uniformly bounded second fundamental forms.

INTRODUCTION

The generalized Gauss-Bonnet theorem of C.B. Allendoerfer, A. Weil and S.S. Chern asserts that the Euler characteristic of a *closed* Riemannian manifold (M, g) is given by

$$\chi(M) = \int_M \omega_g$$

where the Gauss-Bonnet-Chern form $\omega_g = \Psi_g dv_g$ is (locally) computable from the metric g (see [AW], [C]).

In several articles J. Cheeger and M. Gromov investigated the Gauss-Bonnet theorem for *open* complete Riemannian manifolds with bounded sectional curvature and finite volume. They in particular showed that such manifolds M^n admit an exhaustion by compact manifolds with smooth boundary, M_i^n , such that $\text{Vol}(\partial M_i^n) \rightarrow 0$ ($i \rightarrow \infty$) and for which the second fundamental forms $\text{II}(\partial M_i^n)$ are uniformly bounded (see [CG1], [CG2], [CG3] and also [G] 4.5.C). By a formula of Chern one has $\chi(M_i^n) = \int_{M_i^n} \omega_g + \int_{\partial M_i^n} \eta_i$ where η_i is a certain form on the boundary ∂M_i^n (see [C]). The above two properties imply that $\lim_{i \rightarrow \infty} \int_{\partial M_i^n} \eta_i = 0$ and hence $\chi(M_i^n) = \int_{M_i^n} \omega_g$ for sufficiently large i . As a consequence the Gauss-Bonnet theorem holds whenever $\chi(M_i^n) = \chi(M^n)$ for all sufficiently large i .