**Zeitschrift:** Mitteilungen der Schweizerischen Entomologischen Gesellschaft =

Bulletin de la Société Entomologique Suisse = Journal of the Swiss

**Entomological Society** 

Herausgeber: Schweizerische Entomologische Gesellschaft

**Band:** 57 (1984)

**Heft:** 4: Festschrift Prof. P. Bovey

**Artikel:** First report of Zaga Girault and Oligositoides Doutt (Hymenoptera :

Trichogrammatidae) from India, with descriptions of three new species

**Autor:** Yousuf, Mohammad / Shafee, S. Adam

**DOI:** https://doi.org/10.5169/seals-402133

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# First report of Zaga GIRAULT and Oligositoides DOUTT (Hymenoptera: Trichogrammatidae) from India, with descriptions of three new species

MOHAMMAD YOUSUF & S. ADAM SHAFEE

Section of Entomology, Department of Zoology, Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh, India.

The genera Zaga Girault and Oligositoides Doutt are reported for the first time from India. Three new species: Z. angustipennis sp. n., O. terebratus sp. n., and O. gudurensis sp. n. are described and illustrated. Types deposited in Zoological Museum, Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh, India.

## Genus Zaga GIRAULT

Zaga GIRAULT, 1911: 31.

Type-species: Zaga latipennis GIRAULT.

Comment: The genus differs from other genera of Trichogrammatidae in having antennae without funicle and fore wings with discal setae arranged in lines. The genus is known to contain two species including one new species. The two species are separated by the following key characters:

Zaga angustipennis sp. n. (Figs. A, B)

### Female

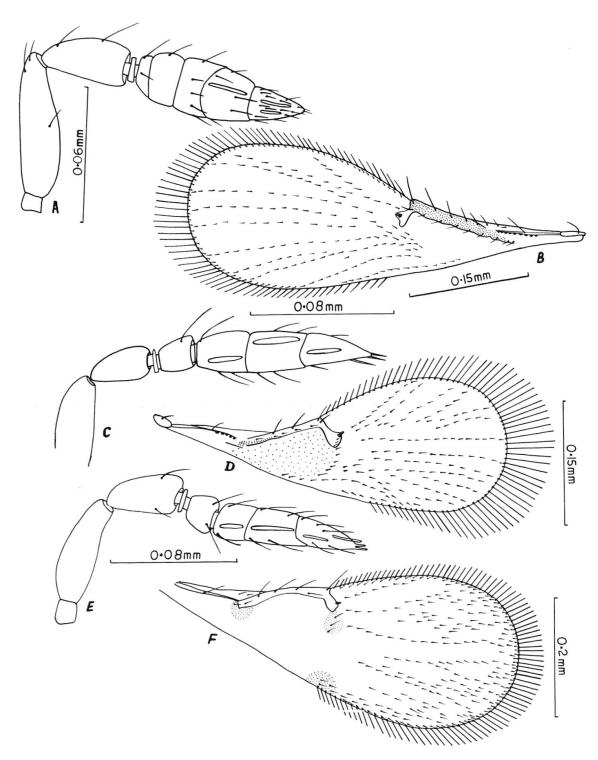
Head yellowish brown; eyes dark; malar space slightly shorter than eye width. Antennae (fig. A) yellowish brown, inserted at lower level of eyes; scape gently narrowing apically, three and a half times as long as wide; pedicel twice as long as wide; single ring segment distinct; funicle absent; club 5-segmented, three times as long as wide.

Thorax dark brown, sparsely setose. Fore wings (fig. B) hyaline, slightly less than three times as long as wide; disc with setae arranged in lines; costal cell narrow, longer than marginal vein; marginal vein much longer than stigmal and premarginal veins separately; postmarginal vein rudimentary; marginal fringe long, one-fourth of wing width; legs yellowish brown; hind coxae much longer than fore and middle coxae.

Abdomen yellowish brown, distinctly longer than thorax; ovipositor slightly exserted, arising from base of abdominal venter.

Body length: 0.52 mm.

Holotype: Q, India: Uttar Pradesh, Aligarh, 10.X.1983 (M. Yousuf).



Figs. A, B: Zaga angustipennis sp. n., 9: (A) Antenna; (B) Fore wing.

Figs. C, D: Oligositoides terebratus sp. n., ♀: (C) Antenna; (D) Fore wing.

Figs. E, F: Oligositoides gudurensis sp. n., 9: (E) Antenna; (F) Fore wing.

## Genus Oligositoides Doutt

Oligositoides Doutt in Doutt & Viggiani, 1968: 541.

Type-species: *Oligositoides fletcheri* Doutt.

Comment: The genus is allied to *Oligosita* Walker in possessing a single funicle segment and a 3-segmented club, but differs from that genus in having forewings broadened apically, with discal setae arranged in lines. The genus is represented by three species including two new species. A key for their separation is given below:

## Key to species of Oligositoides Doutt, based on females

- 2. Ovipositor much exserted; funicle segment about as long as wide (fig. C); fore wings with marginal fringe one-third the wing width (fig. D). .O. terebratus sp. n.
- Ovipositor slightly exserted; funicle segment wider than long (fig. E); fore wings with marginal fringe about one-sixth the wing width (fig. F) O. gudurensis sp. n.

# Oligositoides terebratus sp. n. (Figs. C, D)

## Female

Head yellowish brown, slightly wider than long in facial view; ocelli red, lateral ocellus separated by more than its diameter from inner orbital and less than its diameter from occipital margins. Antennae (fig. C) yellowish brown; pedicel distinctly longer than ring and funicle segments together; funicle 1-segmented, as long as wide; club 3-segmented, about four times as long as wide, apical end terminating into a rod-like projection.

Thorax dark brown. Fore wings (fig. D) two and a half times as long as wide, outer margin broadly rounded; disc with setae arranged in lines; costal cell well developed, longer than marginal vein; marginal vein distinctly longer than stigmal vein, with 3 long setae; postmarginal vein absent. Hind wings long and narrow; marginal fringe twice the wing width. Legs yellowish brown.

Abdomen brown, distinctly longer than thorax; ovipositor much exserted, arising from basal one-fourth of abdominal venter, exserted part of ovipositor slightly less than one-half the length of abdomen.

Body length, excluding exserted part of ovipositor: 0.51 mm.

*Holotype:* ♀, India: Andhra Pradesh, Gudur, 30.I.1984 (M. Yousuf).

# Oligositoides gudurensis sp. n. (Figs. E, F)

## Female

Head brown, slightly wider than long in facial view; eyes dark; malar space shorter than eye width. Antennae (fig. E) yellowish brown, inserted at lower level of eyes; scape about three times as long as wide; pedicel slightly less than twice as long as wide, longer than ring and funicle segments together; funicle 1-segmented, slightly wider than long; club 3-segmented, slightly less than four times as long as wide.

Thorax dark brown. Fore wings (fig. F) hyaline except three small infuscated patches arranged in triangle beneath the venation; slightly less than two and a half times as long as wide, broadly rounded apically; disc with setae arranged in lines; costal cell longer than marginal vein, marginal vein thrice the length of stigmal vein, postmarginal vein absent, stigmal vein slightly shorter than premarginal vein; marginal fringe about one-sixth the wing width. Legs yellowish except hind femora dark.

Abdomen dark brown, slightly longer than thorax; ovipositor slightly exserted, arising from base of abdominal venter.

Body length excluding exserted part of ovipositor: 0.63 mm.

Holotype: Q, India: Andhra Pradesh, Gudur, 30.I.1984 (M. Yousuf).

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The authors are greatly indebted to Prof. Nawab H. Khan, Chairman, Department of Zoology, for providing research facilities. One of us (M. Yousuf) is thankful to C.S.I.R., New Delhi, for providing financial assistance.

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