Zeitschrift: The Swiss observer: the journal of the Federation of Swiss Societies in

the UK

Herausgeber: Federation of Swiss Societies in the United Kingdom

Band: - (1934)

Heft: 659

Artikel: Discovering Glarus

Autor: S.P.R.

DOI: https://doi.org/10.5169/seals-690558

Nutzungsbedingungen

Die ETH-Bibliothek ist die Anbieterin der digitalisierten Zeitschriften. Sie besitzt keine Urheberrechte an den Zeitschriften und ist nicht verantwortlich für deren Inhalte. Die Rechte liegen in der Regel bei den Herausgebern beziehungsweise den externen Rechteinhabern. Siehe Rechtliche Hinweise.

Conditions d'utilisation

L'ETH Library est le fournisseur des revues numérisées. Elle ne détient aucun droit d'auteur sur les revues et n'est pas responsable de leur contenu. En règle générale, les droits sont détenus par les éditeurs ou les détenteurs de droits externes. <u>Voir Informations légales.</u>

Terms of use

The ETH Library is the provider of the digitised journals. It does not own any copyrights to the journals and is not responsible for their content. The rights usually lie with the publishers or the external rights holders. See Legal notice.

Download PDF: 14.03.2025

ETH-Bibliothek Zürich, E-Periodica, https://www.e-periodica.ch





The New Buildings of the League of Nations at Geneva.

The new buildings of the League of Nations in Ariana Park, near Geneva, are approaching completion, and were recently inspected by members of the League Council. The exterior is practically finished, and the internal installations are well in hand. Work on the foundations was begun in March, 1931, and it is hoped that the new buildings may be inaugurated by the Assembly of 1935.

Assembly of 1935.

The buildings formed the subject of an international architectural competition in 1926, and 377 designs were received in the early part of 1927. The jury failed to agree on any one design, and awarded nine equal prizes. The Assembly then appointed a committee of five, which finally chose, as the basis of the design for the new buildings, the scheme presented by M. Nenot, the eminent French architect, in collaboration with a Swiss architect, M. Flegenheimer. Three other architects among the nine prize-winners were chosen to collaborate in the final scheme—namely, Signor Broggi (Italian), M. Lefevre (French), and M. Vago (Hungarian).

BUILDINGS' SIMPLE LINES.

The result of this rather hazardous experiment is more dignified than most people expected. The design presents no strongly marked originality. The lines are simple, with no attempt at external ornamentation, the architects having relied for their effect upon proportions and grouping. The main interest is in the Assembly Hall proper, flanked on either side by a gallery,

NEWS FROM THE COLONY.

LUNCHEONS AT THE SWISS LEGATION.

Several luncheon parties took place recently at our Legation, in honour of various distinguished Suisses de passage.

The Swiss Minister and Madame Paravicini entertained amongst others at luncheon: Mme. Rüfenacht, widow of the late Swiss Minister to Germany; M. and Mme. A. J. Tschiffeli, the Swiss delegates to the International Conference "de la Propriété intellectuelle"; Director Kraft, of the Bureau international pour la Propriété Industrielle; Sir Arnold and Lady Theiler, M. and Mme. Schaerer.

National Councillor Adrien Lachenal, as well as a Swiss delegation to the International Tourist Congress, are at present *de passage* in

SWISS FEDERAL RAILWAYS SPECIAL TRAIN.

The Swiss Federal Railways in Switzerland have made arrangement for a special train for

About 350 of our countrymen will arrive in About 300 of our country men with arrive in London on Sunday, June 10th. A social evening will be held at the Union Helvetia Club, on Monday, June 11th, for members of the party and their friends.

SWISS BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

From the annual report of the above Society, which was published recently, we should like to extract a few outstanding facts :-

Last year the total expenditure amounted to £4,536, nearly £500 more than in 1932. Thanks to the generous support of friends and the contributions from the Swiss authorities, it was possible to assist 652 compatriots. Besides donations in kind, £4,103 were distributed, viz.: £53 giving access to the committee rooms, and lead-ing on one side to the library and on the other to the Council room wing.

to the Council room wing.

The total length of the buildings is approximately 400 yards, the area approximately 18,000 square yards, and the cubic capacity slightly less than that of the Palace of Versailles. The Secretarial building contains some 550 rooms. The Council room wing comprises a large and well-proportioned room for the public meetings of the Council, a smaller room for private meetings, and five committee rooms for the League committees which sit regularly and not merely during the Assembly.

The Assembly Hall will accommodate about 600 delegates, experts, and secretaries, and about 500 journalists. About 800 public seats are provided. The size of the hall obviously called for special attention to acoustical requirements, and the Assembly accepted the British Government's offer to place the resources of the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research at the disposal of the architects. The Architectural Acoustics Committee of the Department has collaborated throughout in the design of the Assembly Hall, and it may be confidently expected that the new hall will give every satisfaction in this respect. The Assembly Hall will accommodate about respect.

No British firm competed for the masonry contract, but British industry has secured a fair share of those contracts for which it has com-peted. Metal window frames are used through

55755555555555555555555555

for repatriations, £2,102 as casual relief, and £1,948 as pensions to 76 poor people aged 62 to 89. As a general basis, pensioners receive a weekly allowance of 10/- over and above their rent, taking into consideration whatever other income they may have, such as old age pension, etc. There is no need to emphasise the smallness of this amount, which has to provide for food, fuel and cover sundry expenses. Much as the committee would like to increase this allowance, the present revenue does unfortunately not permit them to do so as yet.

Full reports and further particulars regarding the activities of the Society will be gladly forwarded on application to the Secretary of the Swiss Benevolent Society, Swiss House, 34, Fitzroy Square, W.1.

65th FETE SUISSE.

Donnerstag, den 21. Juni 1934 in der Central Hall, Westminster.

Liebe Landsleute! Etwas Heimweh plagt uns wohl alle bisweilen. Und da gleich und gleich sich gern gesellt, so wollen wir uns auch alle am 21. Juni in der Westminster Central Hall erfinden. Um 6 Uhr schon diejenigen, die gern etwas essen und trinken. Wir können sie versichern, dass am Buffet nach Schweizerart und für den Schweizergaumen gesorgt ist— auch in der grossen Pause von 8—9 Uhr.

Von jeher ist die Fête Suisse ein Familien fest gewesen in unserer Colonie.

Alte, vertraute Weisen aus dem schier unerschöpflichen Liederschatz unserer Heimat, Vorführungen von Solisten, Chören und Kindern wollen unser Herz erfreuen. Dabei wollen wir der fernen Schweiz gedenken, als deren Kinder wir auch in der Fremde ihr unsere Treue bewahre en. "Der Bruderliebe Sonnenstrahl verkläre stets den alten Bund." Und diese Bruderliebe findet auch darin ihren Ausdruck, dass unsere Schweizerische Hülfsgesellschaft für ihre Pflegbefohlenen vom Ertrag dieses Festes ihren Teil erhalten wird. Wer sich deshalb recht freuen will, der komme und bereite seinerseits wieder Freude. Das ist der tiefere Sinn dieser Fête Suisse, zu der wir alle herzlich eingeladen sind. Alte, vertraute Weisen aus dem schier un

out, and practically all are being manufactured by British firms. A British firm also secured the contract for the construction and equipment of the book store in the new library, designed to house more than 1,000,000 volumes.

house more than 1,000,000 volumes.

The cost of the new buildings was fixed by the Assembly in 1932 at 25,277,150 Swiss Francs, or a little more than £1,000,000 sterling at par. The greater part of this sum was already available in the building fund, and at present only about 3,000,000 Swiss francs remain to be met by annual contributions of the States members. These figures exclude the library, of which the entire cost is being met out of the Rockefeller grant of 2,000,000 dollars (£400,000 at par), and therefore represents no charge upon League funds.

As in the case of the International Labour

As in the case of the International Labour Office, Governments were invited to make contributions in kind towards the decoration and furnishing of the buildings, and several Governments have already responded to this invitation.

Among the gifts already accepted may be mentioned those of the Union of South Africa (panelling for a committee room), New Zealand (panelling of a room), Australia (presidential platform for the Assembly Hall), India (furniture for the office of the President of the Assembly), Holland (decoration and furnishing of the Secretary-General's office), Persia (carpets for the pritary-General's office), Persia (carpets for the private Council room and for the offices of the President of the Assembly and of the Council).

DISCOVERING GLARUS.

Glarus! It is a refreshing name, full of pro-Glarus! It is a refreshing name, full of promise! Yet infinitely sweeter to me sounds the native appellation of "Glarnerland," for in it is expressed the deep affection which the inhabitants cherish for their lovely little country. The canton of Glarus is a charming miniature of Switzerland, and its popularity dates back to those early days when the Rhaeti, the Romans and the Alemanni had successively settled within its fair domains

To the latter people came in the sixth century Saint Fridolin, an Irish apostle, and up to the present day many of the inhabitants of Glarus fervently believe that this Holy Man, whose likeness adorns the cantonal coat-of-arms, watches over their land.

Glarus is one of the few Swiss cantons where government matters are still decided by the Landsgemeinde, or open-air parliament, meeting yearly in spring, and religious tolerance is so generous that in the capital of Glarus and in many villages the same place of worship is used by Protestants and Roman Catholics alike.

Any visitor who entertains an admiration for a people who cling to century-old traditions would be impressed by the so-called Näfelser-fahrt. This celebration commemorates yearly on the first Thursday in April the glorious victory of 600 men of Glarus against a force of some 6,000 Austrians on April 9, 1388. Eleven memorial stones mark the spots where so wany memorial stones mark the spots where so wany memory. rial stones mark the spots where so many unsuc-cessful attacks had been made by the enemy, and the procession stops before each to offer a prayer.

the procession stops before each to offer a prayer. Alpine lakes of an incredible transparency and gorgeous hue are scattered like precious jewels over this charming country, and among them the lake of Klöntal, approached from Netstal near Glarus, is probably the most famous. Owing to numerous conflagrations, the little cantonal capital lacks the atmosphere of great old age to which it is entitled, but it really deserves to be better known as an ideal starting point for a multitude of excursions to near-by lakes and mountains. While dairying is one of the prevalent industries, wool-weaving, cotton-spinning and dyeing furnish a livelihood for many, and near the resort of Elm, in the Sernf valley, are slate quarries.

Railways in the Glarnerland are now all run by electricity, and the trip along the river Linth, whose banks are dotted with so many attractive hamlets and villages, seems all too short. At journey's end beckons Linthal, a resort which is as much of a climber's paradise as it is a happy hunting-ground of nature-loving pedestrians. There is a veritable galaxy of thrilling ascents for the former to choose from, and the latter will rejoice over the scenic grandeur and charm of the Tierfehd, the Ueli Alp, the Fätschbach Falls and the Klausen road which forms a link with Altdorf in the canton of Uri.

Then there is the resort of Braunwald, to whose sun-bathed heights, 4,115 feet above sea level, a cable railway climbs at frequent intervals. This village, whose very name sounds intriguing, is scattered over a long, sloping terrace. Maples and firs grow in profusion, and wherever one may choose to sit down, there is a panorama to admire for whose magnificence mere words are entirely inadequate. Braunwald rests indeed right next to Nature's heart.

THE GOETHEANUM, A GREAT CULTURAL CENTRE.

The Goetheanum is a "School for Spiritual Activity in Science and Art," near Basle. It was founded by the late Dr. Rudolf Steiner, the father of Anthroposophy. After Dr. Steiner had succeeded in interesting a constantly increasing public by means of his inspiring lectures throughout Europe, it became possible to have dramatic festivals at the yearly assembly of the Anthroposophical Society. He wrote four Mys-tery Dramas which were first performed in Munich and later in the specially constructed Goetheanum at Dornach. This building was started in 1913, and his creative genius was apparent in every detail. An organic principle ran throughout the remarkable structure, two domes intersecting one another and resting on an under-structure of concrete.

The first Goetheanum burned to the ground ten years later, but the new edifice, occupying the same spot, is animated by the same principle of metamorphosis as its predecessor. Rudolf Steiner gave a new form to the Anthroposophical Society at Christmas in 1923. He himself became the president and divided the school at the Goetheanum into different sections . A general Anthroposophical and a Pedagogical Section, one for speech and musical art (Eurythmy and speech formation belong in particular to this section), one for fine arts and literature, one for medicine (which includes a clinic of its own), one for the natural sciences (including a laboratory for biology and physics and an experimental board for agriculture), and a mathematical-Astronomical section.

The Dornach settlement, as the centre of the movement, owns a publishing house and issues a weekly periodical called "The Goetheanum." Grouped around the Goetheanum are several other buildings of striking design belonging to this cultural centre. There are schools for paint-ing, modelling and art work in gems and jewelry, as well as a boarding school for boys and girls from 14 years of age upwards.

Rudolf Steiner passed away on March 30, 1925. He described Anthroposophy as "a path of knowledge that would fain lead the spiritual in Man to the spiritual in the Universal All."

S. F. R.

ADVERTISEMENT IS THE MOTHER OF **NECESSITY**

In other words, if you advertise insistently you will CREATE a market for your goods. Well executed Printing is essential if your advertising is to possess the necessary "punch." Therefore send along your enquiries for Leaflets, Circulars, Folders, Price Lists, etc., to

The Frederick Printing Co. Ltd.

23, Leonard Street, London, E.C 2 Telephone - - - Clerkenwell 9595.

Tell your English Friends

Switzerland

and to buy their Tickets from

The Swiss Federal Railways,

Carlton House, 11b, Regent St., S.W.1

Special Reduction on Fares in Switzerland (30%) from June 15th to October 15th.

LEZIONI DI PIANO

Professoressa Diplomata al R. Liceo Musicale di Bologna.

VIOLETTA MONTUSCHI, 106, SHAFTESBURY AVENUE, W.1 Telf. Gerrard 6765.

Drink delicious Ovaltine at every meal-for HealK!

FOYER SUISSE

Under the Management: Schweiz. Verband Volksdienst 12-15, Upper Bedford Place, Russell Square, London, W.C.I. Tel. Museum 2982 Moderate Prices
Running Hot & Cold Water
Central Heating
Continental Cuisine

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS

Not exceeding 3 lines:—Per insertion. 2/6; three insertions 5/-Postage extra on replies addressed clo Swiss Observer

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES. VEVEY. (Lake of Geneva) Intensive training in French and modern languages, commercial subjects; cookery, household and art classes, music tuition, various sports. Large gardens. Moderate terms. Ask for illustr. pamphlet and references. Mme et Mlle Fretz.

A. VAUCHER, Horloger Diplômé, over 20 years' experience, Geneva, Bienne and London. Rhabillage soignés tous genres. Estimates free. 5, Hatton Garden, E.C.1.

LAUSANNE. Près Gare, pour l'été, appartemt. meublé; 4 chamb., cuis., salle bain; dépend., jardin. Ecrire Box No. 4, c.o. "Swiss Observer," 232, Leonard Street, E.C.2.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

Wednesday, June 13th — Swiss Mercantile Society, Ltd. — Monthly Meeting at 8.15 p.m., to be followed by a lecture on "London: its place names," by A. Levy, Esq., Principal of the College, at Swiss House, 34/35, Fitzroy Square, W.

Thursday, June 21st, from 7-10.30 p.m. (Tea from 6 o'clock, buffet from 8-9 o'clock) Fête Suisse — At Central Hall, Westminster (opposite Westminster Abbey).

Saturday, June 23rd, at 2.45 p.m. — Swiss Sports — At Herne Hill Athletic Grounds.

Wednesday, June 27th — Nouvelle Société Helvétique — Monthly meeting at 7.45, to be followed by a talk by Mr. P. Lerian on "L'Union Helvétia, son activité et ses membres," at Swiss House, 34/35, Fitzroy square, W.

SWISS BANK CORPORATION,

99, GRESHAM STREET, E.C.2. and 11c, REGENT STREET, S.W. 1.

> Capital Paid up £6,400,000 Reserves - £2,120,000 Deposits - £44,000,000

All Descriptions of Banking and Foreign Exchange Business Transacted

- :: Correspondents in all ::
- :: parts of the World. ::

MUSEUM 4302 (Visitors) MUSEUM 7055 (Office) Telegrams: SOUFFLE WESDO, LONDON

"Ben faranno i Pagani. Purgatorio C. xiv. Dante "Venir se ne dee giû tra' miei Meschini." Dante. Inferno. C. xxvii,

PAGANI'S RESTAURANT

GREAT PORTLAND ST., LONDON, W.I.

LINDA MESCHINI ARTHUR MESCHINI Sole Proprietors,

Divine Services.

EGLISE SUISSE (1762), (Langue française).

79, Endell Street, Shaftesbury Avenue, W.C.2.

(Near New Oxford Street).

Dimanche, 10 juin:

11 h. —" La Peur!" Luc 12/47. — M. R. Hoffmann-de Visme.

7 h. — M. R. Desaules.

SERVICES FUNERRES.

Edward DALTON, citoyen américain, né le 18 mai 1845, décédé le 28 mai, 1934, incinéré à Golders Green, dans sa 90ème année, le 1er juin,

Hortense Hélène VUILLE-BILLE, née Miserez, de Tramelan et La Sagne, née le 13 mars, 1885, décédée le 31 mai, 1934, enterrée à Hendon Park, dans sa 50ème année, le 5 juin, 1934.

Le Pasteur Hoffmann-de Visme reçoit le Mercredi de 11 heures à midi 30, à l'église, 79, Endell Street, W.C.2., et après les cultes. S'adresser à lui pour tout ce qui concerne les baptêmes, mariages, instructions religieuses etc. Pour rendez-vous particuliers, ou autre chose, téléphoner à Archway 1798, ou écrire à 102, Hornsey Lane, N.6.

SCHWEIZERKIRCHE (Deutschsprachige Gemeinde).

St. Anne's Church, 9, Gresham Street, E.C.2. (near General Post Office.)

Sonntag, den 10. Juni 1934:

11 Uhr morgens, Gottesdienst und Sonntagschule.

7 Uhr abends, Gottesdienst.

BESTATTUNG.

Am 31. Mai wurde der am 9. April 1863 geborene und am 28. Mai verstorbene JULES WIRZ, von Erlenbach (Canton Zürich) beerdigt.

Anfragen wegen Religions-bezw. Confirmanden-stunden und Amtshandlungen sind erbeten an den Pfarrer der Gemeinde: C. Th. Hahn, 43, Priory Road, Bedford Park, W.4 (Tele-phon: Chiswick 4156). Sprechstunden: Dienstag 12-2 Uhr in der Kirche; Mittwoch 5-6 Uhr im "Foyer Suisse."

Printed for the Proprietors, by The Frederick Printing Co., LTD., at 23, Leonard Street, London, E.C.2.